AUDITING PROCEDURES REPORT

Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended. Filing is mandatory.					
Local Government Type: Local Government			County		
City 🛚 Township 🔲 Village 🔲 Other 🔻 Township of Addis	son		Oakland		
Audit Date Opinion Date March 31, 2004 May 24, 2004	Date Accountant Report Submitted To State: July 14, 2004				
We have audited the financial statements of this local unit of government with the Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Counties and Local Units of Government in Michigan by the Michigan D	(GASB) and the Uni	iform Reporting F			
We affirm that: 1. We have complied with the <i>Bulletin for the Audits of Local Units of Q</i> 2. We are certified public accountants registered to practice in Michigan		gan as revised.			
We further affirm the following. "Yes" responses have been disclosed in and recommendations.	the financial stateme	ents, including the	notes, or in th	e report of comments	
You must check the applicable box for each item below: yes \(\) no 1. Certain component units/funds/agencies of the legal yes \(\) no 2. There are accumulated deficits in one or more of \(\) yes \(\) no 3. There are instances of non-compliance with the \(\) yes \(\) no 4. The local unit has violated the conditions of either order issued under the Emergency Municipal Logard yes \(\) no 5. The local unit holds deposits/investments which \([MCL 129.91] \) or P.A. 55 of 1982, as amended	this unit's unreserved. Uniform Accounting a ran order issued under an Act. do not comply with st MCL 38.1132]) grax revenues that was uirement (Article 9, See a more than 100% furue (paid during the yepted an applicable po	I fund balances/re and Budgeting Ad er the Municipal Fi satutory requirement ere collected for a section 24) to fund conded and the over ear).	etained earning of (P.A. 2 of 19 inance Act or it ents. (P.A. 20 another taxing current year ea orfunding cred y P.A. 266 of MCL 129.95).	gs (P.A. 275 of 1980) 268, as amended). Its requirements, or an of 1943, as amended unit. I unit. I med pension benefits are more than the	
We have enclosed the following:		Enclosed	To Be Forwarded	Not Required	
The letter of comments and recommendations.		\boxtimes			
Reports on individual federal assistance programs (program audits).				\boxtimes	
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).				\boxtimes	
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name): Plante & Mor	an, PLLC				
Street Address	City		State	ZIP	
27400 Northwestern Highway Southfield MI 48034					
Accountant Signature Alente & Moran, PLLC	_				

Township of Addison Oakland County, Michigan

Financial Report
with Additional Information
March 31, 2004



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Township of Addison Oakland County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Township of Addison, Oakland County, Michigan as of March 31, 2004 and for the year then ended, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Township of Addison's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statements presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Township of Addison, Oakland County, Michigan as of March 31, 2004 and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its Trust Fund for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Plante + Moran, PLLC

May 24, 2004



					Fiduciary			
	Governmental Fund Types					Fund Type		
						Trust		
						and		
		General	Spe	ecial Revenue		Agency		
		General	<u> </u>	cciai revenue	_	7 (geney		
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$	594,725	\$	502,820	\$	2,048,636		
Restricted assets (Note 3)		80,928		776,702		-		
Receivables:								
Taxes (Note 4)		19,483		97,835		-		
Due from other funds (Note 5)		556,850		1,595,749		-		
Due from other governmental units		58,111		-		-		
Capital assets (Note 6)		-		-		-		
Amount to be provided for retirement of general long-term								
debt		-		_		-		
Other assets		<u>-</u>		=		30		
Total assets	\$	1,310,097	\$	2,973,106	\$	2,048,666		
Total assets	_	1,510,077	<u> </u>	2,773,100	<u> </u>	2,010,000		
Liabilities and Fund Equity								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	34,448	\$	225,725	\$	-		
Other liabilities		32,998		-		-		
Due to other funds		226,845		206,810		1,718,944		
Due to other governmental units		-		-		328,692		
Long-term debt (Note 7)				<u>-</u>				
Total liabilities		294,291		432,535		2,047,636		
Fund Equity								
Investment in general fixed assets		_		_		_		
Fund balances:								
Reserved (Note 8)		124,628		776,702		_		
Unreserved:		,		,				
Designated for working capital		301,062		1,500,969		_		
Designated for building improvements		250,000		-		_		
Designated for cemetery improvements		45,000		-		-		
Undesignated		295,116		262,900		1,030		
Total fund equity		1,015,806		2,540,571		1,030		
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$	1,310,097	\$	2,973,106	\$	2,048,666		

Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups March 31, 2004

	Accoun				
Gene	eral		General		Total
Fixe	ed	L	ong-term	(M	emorandum
Asse	ets		Debt	`	Only)
\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,146,181
	-		-		857,630
					117.210
	-		-		117,318
	-		-		2,152,599 58,111
6.22	28,762		_		6,228,762
0,22	20,702				0,220,702
	-		885,525		885,525
					30
\$ 6,22	8,762	\$	885,525	\$	13,446,156
Ψ 0,22	0,702	<u>Ψ</u>	003,323	<u>Ψ</u>	13,110,130
\$	-	\$	-	\$	260,173
	-		-		32,998
	-		-		2,152,599
	-		-		328,692
-			885,525		885,525
	-		885,525		3,659,987
6,22	28,762		-		6,228,762
	-		-		901,330
	_		-		1,802,031
	-		-		250,000
	-		-		45,000
					559,046
6,22	28,762				9,786,169
\$ 6,22	8,762	\$	885,525	4	13,446,156



Combined Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Fund Types Year Ended March 31, 2004

	Governmental Fund Types				Total		
				Special	(M	emorandum	
		General		Revenue	`	Only)	
						···//	
Revenue							
Property taxes	\$	301,583	\$	1,500,969	\$	1,802,552	
Licenses and permits		159,493		-		159,493	
State revenue sharing		450,821		-		450,821	
Federal grant		7,151		-		7,151	
Charges for services		48,926		-		48,926	
Interest		44,942		24,467		69,409	
Other revenue		62,366	_	76,094	_	138,460	
Total revenue		1,075,282		1,601,530		2,676,812	
Expenditures							
Legislative - Township Board		7,756		-		7,756	
General government		777,879		-		777,879	
Public safety		193,991		2,198,051		2,392,042	
Public works		113,141		-		113,141	
Parks and recreation				203,543		203,543	
Total expenditures		1,092,767		2,401,594		3,494,361	
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenue		(17,485)		(800,064)		(817,549)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Proceeds from issuance of debt		-		850,000		850,000	
Operating transfers in		-		208,649		208,649	
Operating transfers out		(208,649)				(208,649)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(208,649)		1,058,649		850,000	
Excess of Revenue and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other							
Financing Uses		(226,134)		258,585		32,451	
Fund Balances - April 1, 2003		1,241,940		2,281,986		3,523,926	
Fund Balances - March 31, 2004	\$	1,015,806	\$	2,540,571	\$	3,556,377	



	General Fund						
	Variance						
					F	avorable	
		Budget		Actual	(Unfavorable)		
Revenue							
Property taxes	\$	297,200	\$	301,583	\$	4,383	
Licenses and permits		139,600		159,493		19,893	
State revenue sharing		470,000		450,821		(19,179)	
Federal grant		23,850		7,151		(16,699)	
Charges for services		37,700		48,926		11,226	
Interest		20,000		44,942		24,942	
Other revenue		88,700		62,366		(26,334)	
Operating transfers from other funds		-		-		-	
Proceeds from issuance of debt	_						
Total revenue		1,077,050		1,075,282		(1,768)	
Expenditures							
Legislative - Township Board		10,600		7,756		2,844	
General government		860,672		777,879		82,793	
Public safety		193,800		193,991		(191)	
Public works		213,400		113,141		100,259	
Parks and recreation		-		-		-	
Operating transfers to other funds		202,599		208,649		(6,050)	
Total expenditures		1,481,071		1,301,416		179,655	
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		(404,021)		(226,134)		177,887	
Fund Balances - April 1, 2003		1,241,940		1,241,940			
Fund Balances - March 31, 2004	\$	837,919	\$ I	1,015,806	\$	177,887	

Combined Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General and Special Revenue Fund Types Year Ended March 31, 2004

	Special Revenue Funds							
				\	'ariance			
				F	avorable			
	Budget		Actual	(Un	favorable)			
					,			
\$	1,431,978	\$	1,500,969	\$	68,991			
	-		-		-			
	-		-		-			
	-		-		-			
	-		-		-			
	-		24,467		24,467			
	39,005		76,094		37,089			
	202,599		208,649		6,050			
	850,000		850,000					
	2,523,582		2,660,179		136,597			
	-		_		-			
	-		-		-			
	2,765,500		2,198,051		567, 44 9 -			
	247,910		203,543		44,367 -			
_								
	3,013,410		2,401,594		611,816			
	(489,828)		258,585		748,413			
	2,281,986		2,281,986		<u>-</u>			
\$	1,792,158	\$	2,540,571	\$	748,413			



Combined Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance - Cemetery Trust Fund Year Ended March 31, 2004

Revenue	
Interest income	\$ 30
Miscellaneous income	14
Net Income	44
Fund Balance - April 1, 2003	986
Fund Balance - March 31, 2004	<u>\$ 1,030</u>



Combined Statement of Cash Flows Cemetery Trust Fund Year Ended March 31, 2004

Cash Flows from Operating Activities - Miscellaneous income						
Cash Flows from Investing Activities - Interest income		30				
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities - Net change in due to and due from other funds		(14)				
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		30				
Cash and Cash Equivalents - April 1, 2003		1,000				
Cash and Cash Equivalents - March 31, 2004	<u>\$</u>	1,030				
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash from Operating Activities						
Operating income	\$	44				
Net change in investment income classified as operating		(30)				
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	14				



Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Township of Addison (the "Township") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

The Township is governed by an elected, seven-member Board of Trustees. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Township of Addison. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, there are no component units to be included in these financial statements.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Township are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The various funds are grouped, in the combined financial statements in this report, into generic fund types as follows:

Governmental Funds

General Fund - The General Fund contains the records of the ordinary activities of the Township that are not accounted for in another fund. General Fund activities are financed by revenue from general property taxes, state-shared revenue, and other sources.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of earmarked revenue or financing activities requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions.

Fiduciary Funds

Trust and Agency Funds - Trust and Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the Township in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, organizations, other governments, or other funds. These include the Cemetery Trust and the Agency Funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of operations.



Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

All governmental funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. Modifications in such method from the accrual basis are as follows:

a. Property taxes and other revenue that are both measurable and available for use to finance operations are recorded as revenue when earned. Other revenue is recorded when received.

Properties are assessed as of December 31. Tax bills are mailed and become a lien on December 1 of the following year. These taxes are due with the final collection date of the last day in February before they are added to the county tax rolls.

- b. Interest on other long-term debt is not recorded as an expenditure until its due date.
- c. Payments for inventoriable types of supplies are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase.
- d. Normally, expenditures are not divided between years by the recording of prepaid expenses.

Fixed Assets and Long-term Liabilities - Fixed assets used in governmental fundtype operations are accounted for in the General Fixed Assets Account Group, rather than in the governmental funds. Such assets, which are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, do not include certain improvements such as roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, and lighting systems. No depreciation has been provided on general fixed assets.

All fixed assets are recorded at cost or, if donated, at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from governmental funds are accounted for in the General Long-term Debt Account Group, not in the governmental funds.

The General Fixed Assets Account Group and the General Long-term Debt Account Group are not funds and do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposit as well as short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.



Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Memorandum-only Totals - The total data presented is the aggregate of the fund types and account groups and is presented for analysis purposes only. No consolidating or other eliminations were made in arriving at the totals; therefore, they do not present consolidated information.

Other accounting policies are disclosed in other notes to the financial statements.

Note 2 - Deposits

The Township's deposits at March 31, 2004 are included on the balance sheet as cash and cash equivalents and restricted assets. The components are as follows:

Deposits in financial institutions (checking accounts, savings accounts,		
and certificates of deposit)	\$	3,146,081
Restricted assets (Note 3)		857,630
Petty cash and cash on hand	_	100
Total	\$	4,003,811

Deposits

The above deposits were reflected in the accounts of the bank (without recognition of checks written but not yet cleared or of deposits in transit) at \$4,194,333. Of that amount, \$200,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$3,994,333 was uninsured and uncollateralized. The Township believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the Township evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits Township funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.



Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2004

Note 3 - Restricted Assets

The balance of the restricted asset account relates to unspent installment loan proceeds of \$776,702 for the construction of the new fire station and \$80,928 received from Great Lakes Gravel for future cleanup of the Great Lakes Gravel site.

Note 4 - Property Taxes Receivable

The delinquent real property taxes of the Township are purchased by the County of Oakland. The County intends to sell tax notes, the proceeds of which will be used to pay the Township for these property taxes. These taxes have been recorded as revenue for the current year.

Note 5 - Interfund Receivables

The following are the interfund receivables at March 31, 2004:

General Fund:	
Current tax collection	\$ 315,811
Police protection	34,229
Fire operating	44,931
Fire capital	10,260
Park acquisition	 151,619
Total General Fund	556,850
Special Revenue Funds:	
Police protection - Current tax collection	734,586
Police protection - General Fund	22,528
Fire capital - Current tax collection	174,573
Fire operating - Current tax collection	493,974
Park acquisition - General Fund	 170,088
Total Special Revenue Funds	 1,595,749
Total	\$ 2,152,599



Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2004

Note 6 - Capital Assets

A summary of changes in general fixed assets is as follows:

		Balance						Balance
		April I,					1	March 31,
		2003	^	dditions	De	letions		2004
Land and land improvements	\$	3,172,597	\$	8,232	\$	_	\$	3,180,829
Buildings		420,164		-	·	-		420,164
Equipment		1,708,213		167,919		-		1,876,132
Construction in progress	_	-		751,637				751,637
Total	\$	5,300,974	\$	927,788	\$	_	\$	6,228,762

Construction Commitments - The Township has an active construction project at year end relating to the new fire station. At year end, the Township has spent \$716,426 and has a remaining commitment of approximately \$667,000.

Note 7 - Long-term Debt

Outstanding Debt

The following is a summary of the changes in general long-term debt:

		Balance						Balance		
		April I,					٢	1arch 31,		
	2003			Additions		Additions Deletions		eletions		2004
Installment purchase loan	\$	_	\$	850,000	\$	-	\$	850,000		
Installment contract payable Long-term portion of sick		166,143		-		166,143		-		
time accrual		-		2,825		-		2,825		
Property tax tribunal cases		34,166				1,466		32,700		
Total General Long-term Debt										
Account Group	\$	200,309	\$	852,825	\$	167,609	\$	885,525		



Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2004

Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

During the year, the Township paid off the installment contract payable which had an interest rate of 4.25 percent, a maturity date of 2005, and quarterly payments of \$17,857 plus interest.

During the year, the Township took out an installment purchase loan with an interest rate of 3.495 percent, a maturity date of May I, 2013, and annual payments of \$100,660 including interest.

Debt Service Requirements

The annual requirements to service all debt outstanding (excluding the sick time accrual and the tax tribunal cases) as of March 31, 2004, including both principal and interest, are as follows:

	General Obligations							
Years Ending								
March 31	F	Principal Interest				Total		
2005	\$	85,806	\$	14,854	\$	100,660		
2006		73,580		27,080		100,660		
2007		76,188		24,472		100,660		
2008		78,887		21,773		100,660		
2009		81,631		19,029		100,660		
2010-2014		453,908		49,392		503,300		
Total	<u>\$</u>	850,000	\$	156,600	\$	1,006,600		

<u>Interest</u>

Total interest incurred by the Township for the year approximated \$7,000.

Note 8 - Reserved Fund Balances

The fund balance of the General Fund has been reserved in the amount of \$43,700 and \$80,928 for subsequent years' special assessment expenditures and Great Lakes Gravel expenditures, respectively.

The fund balance of the Fire Capital Special Revenue Fund has been reserved in the amount of \$776,702 for unspent installment loan proceeds related to the new fire station.



Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2004

Note 9 - Budget Information

The annual budget is prepared by the Township supervisor and adopted by the Township Board; subsequent amendments are approved by the Township Board. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end; encumbrances are not included as expenditures. The amount of encumbrances outstanding at March 31, 2004 has not been calculated. During the current year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. The final budget amendments were approved subsequent to March 31, 2004.

The budget has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles except that operating transfers and debt proceeds have been included in the "revenue and expenditures" categories, rather than as "other financing sources (uses)."

The budget statement (combined statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual - General and Special Revenue Fund types) is presented on the same basis of accounting used in preparing the adopted budget. The following is a reconciliation of the budget statement to the operating statement (combined statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - all governmental fund types):

	General Fund					Special Revenue Funds			
	Total Revenue			Total		Total		Total	
			Ex	penditures		Revenue	Expenditures		
Amounts per operating statement Proceeds of debt recorded as revenue	\$	1,075,282	\$	1,092,767 -	\$	1,601,530 850,000	\$	2,401,594	
Operating transfers recorded as revenue and expenditures				208,649		208,649			
Amounts per budget statement	<u>\$</u>	1,075,282	\$	1,301,416	\$	2,660,179	\$	2,401,594	



Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2004

Note 9 - Budget Information (Continued)

The budget has been adopted on an activity basis; expenditures at this level in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. A comparison of actual results of operations to the General Fund budget as adopted by the Township Board is included in the general purpose financial statements. This comparison includes budget overruns of an immaterial amount. A comparison of the actual results of operations to the individual Special Revenue Funds budgets as adopted by the Township Board is available at the Township clerk's office for inspection.

Note 10 - Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Township has purchased commercial insurance for medical benefits provided to employees and employee injuries (workers' compensation), and participates in the Michigan Municipal Risk Management Authority risk pool for claims relating to property loss, torts, and errors and omissions. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Michigan Municipal Risk Management Authority (the "Authority") risk pool program operates as a claims servicing pool for amounts up to member retention limits, and operates as a common risk-sharing management program for losses in excess of member retention amounts. Although premiums are paid annually to the Authority that the Authority uses to pay claims up to the retention limits, the ultimate liability for those claims remains with the Township.

Note I I - Joint Venture

During November 2001, the Township became a member of the North Oakland Transportation Authority (NOTA), which provides transportation services to the residents of Oxford, Orion, and Addison. The participating communities provide annual funding for its operations. During the current year, the Township contributed approximately \$23,000 for its operations. The Township is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future. Complete financial statements for NOTA are available upon request from NOTA at 1370 South Lapeer Road, Oxford, MI 48371.



Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2004

Note 12 - Construction Code Fees

The Township oversees building construction, in accordance with the State's Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The Township charges fees for these services. The law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs. A summary of the current year activity and cumulative shortfall generated since January 1, 2000 is as follows:

Shortfall - April 1, 2003	\$ (20,064)
Building permit revenue	128,499

Related expenses:

\$ 115,439 Direct costs Estimated indirect costs 3,855

> Total construction code expenses 119,294

Cumulative shortfall - March 31, 2004 \$ (10,859)

Note 13 - Personal Property Tax Multipliers

In November 1999, the State Tax Commission approved revised personal property tax tables for utilities. The revised tables affected taxes collected from 1997 to present due to local units of government continuing to use the personal property tax tables in effect prior to 1999. The issue was the subject of a lawsuit brought by several units of government against the State Tax Commission, challenging the constitutionality of the new utility personal property tax tables. In April 2002, the revised tables were upheld by the court.

The local units of government appealed this decision and during 2003, the Michigan Tax Tribunal entered its judgment to uphold the new tables. The amounts paid to the Township in excess of the approved amounts using the new tables would potentially need to be refunded to the utility companies. This could result in refunds of approximately \$5,300 from the General Fund and \$27,400 from the Special Revenue Funds. Appeals are still being undertaken by taxing authorities and the matter is not expected to be settled in the next fiscal year. Therefore, the potential refund related to the governmental funds has been recorded in the General Long-term Debt Account Group.



Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2004

Note 14 - Upcoming Reporting Change

For the year beginning April 1, 2004, the Township plans to adopt GASB Statement No. 34. This will dramatically revise the information being reported in these financial statements. Governmental activities will report information by individually significant fund, as well as in total, on the full accrual basis of accounting. Information is not available to present pro forma data that would show the effect of this future change.



Additional Information







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Fax: 248.352.0018 plantemoran.com

To the Board of Trustees Township of Addison Oakland County, Michigan

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the Township of Addison as of and for the year ended March 31, 2004. Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The additional information listed in the table of contents is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the Township of Addison. This information has been subjected to the procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Plante : Moran, PLLC

May 24, 2004

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General Fund Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Year Ended March 31, 2004

					Variance avorable
	Budget			Actual	nfavorable)
Expenditures					
Legislative - Township Board	\$	10,600	\$	7,756	\$ 2,844
General government:					
Supervisor		85,234		82,186	3,048
Elections		11,000		1,713	9,287
Assessor		47,550		42,826	4,724
Professional fees		207,000		188,288	18,712
Clerk		111,934		104,514	7,420
Board of Review		650		697	(47)
Treasurer		93,834		94,790	(956)
Building and grounds		52,100		26,783	25,317
Cemetery		47,420		48,180	(760)
Community projects		25,000		26,430	(1,430)
Equipment		18,000		8,786	9,214
Insurance and other		160,950		152,686	 8,264
Total general government		860,672		777,879	82,793
Public safety:					
Building department		120,950		122,883	(1,933)
Planning		68,250		67,322	928
Board of Appeals		4,600		3,786	 814
Total public safety		193,800		193,991	(191)
Public works:					
Highways and streets		182,000		100,137	81,863
Street lighting		1,400		1,390	10
Special assessments		12,000		8,279	3,721
Engineering		18,000		3,335	 14,665
Total public works		213,400		113,141	100,259
Operating transfers to other funds		202,599		208,649	 (6,050)
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 1</u>	,481,071	\$	1,301,416	\$ 179,655

Note: The information projected above is for management analysis purposes only. It shows greater detail than the budget adopted by the Township Board, which is reflected in the general purpose financial statements.



Combining Balance Sheet - All Special Revenue Funds March 31, 2004

	Police	Fire	Fire	Park	
	Protection	Capital	Operating	Acquisition	Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 192,664	\$ 172,005	\$ 129,718	\$ 8,433	\$ 502,820
Restricted assets	-	776,702	-	-	776,702
Taxes receivable	51,220	12,172	34,443	-	97,835
Due from other funds	757,114	174,573	493,974	170,088	1,595,749
Total assets	\$ 1,000,998	\$ 1,135,452	\$ 658,135	\$ 178,521	\$ 2,973,106
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 67,144	\$ 146,090	\$ 12,491	\$ -	\$ 225,725
Due to other funds		10,260	44,931	151,619	206,810
Total liabilities	67,144	156,350	57,422	151,619	432,535
Fund Balances					
Reserved	-	776,702	-	-	776,702
Unreserved:	785,806	186,746	528,417		1,500,969
Designated for working capital Undesignated	148,048	15,654	72,296	26,902	262,900
Ondesignated	140,040	13,634	72,270	26,702	262,700
Total fund equity	933,854	979,102	600,713	26,902	2,540,571
Total liabilities and					
fund balances	\$ 1,000,998	<u>\$ 1,135,452</u>	\$ 658,135	\$ 178,521	\$ 2,973,106



Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - All Special Revenue Funds Year Ended March 31, 2004

	Police	Fire	Fire	Park	
	Protection	Capital	Operating	Acquisition	Total
Revenue					
Property taxes	\$ 785,806	\$ 186,746	\$ 528,417	\$ -	\$ 1,500,969
Interest	7,939	11,959	4,345	224	24,467
Other revenue	10,461		64,913	720	76,094
Total revenue	804,206	198,705	597,675	944	1,601,530
Expenditures					
Police protection	791,262	-	-	-	791,262
Fire protection	-	925,499	481,290	-	1,406,789
Parks and recreation				203,543	203,543
Total expenditures	791,262	925,499	481,290	203,543	2,401,594
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)					
Expenditures	12,944	(726,794)	116,385	(202,599)	(800,064)
Other Financing Sources					
Proceeds from debt issuance	-	850,000	-	-	850,000
Operating transfers in		6,050		202,599	208,649
Total other financing sources		856,050		202,599	1,058,649
Excess of Revenue and Other Financing					
Sources Over Expenditures	12,944	129,256	116,385	-	258,585
Fund Balances - April 1, 2003	920,910	849,846	484,328	26,902	2,281,986
Fund Balances - March 31, 2004	\$ 933,854	\$ 979,102	\$ 600,713	\$ 26,902	\$ 2,540,571



Combining Balance Sheet - All Trust and Agency Funds March 31, 2004

	Tr	endable rust - metery	Current Tax Collection	 Agency	Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents Other assets	\$	1,030 <u>-</u>	\$ 1,978,236 	\$ 69,370 30	\$ 2,048,636
Total assets	\$	1,030	\$ 1,978,236	\$ 69,400	\$ 2,048,666
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Due to other funds	\$	-	\$ 1,718,944	\$ -	\$ 1,718,944
Due to other governmental units		-	259,292	 69,400	328,692
Total liabilities		-	1,978,236	69,400	2,047,636
Fund Balances - Unreserved - Undesignated		1,030	-	 	1,030
Total liabilities and fund					
balances	\$	1,030	\$ 1,978,236	\$ 69,400	\$ 2,048,666





May 24, 2004

Plante & Moran, PLLC

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Board of Trustees Addison Township 1440 Rochester Road Leonard, Michigan 48367

Dear Board Members:

We recently completed our audit of the general purpose financial statements of Addison Township for the year ended March 31, 2004. As a result of our audit, we have the following comments and recommendations for your review and consideration.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

For the year ended March 31, 2004, the Township's General Fund fund balance was reduced by approximately \$226,000. The poor economy has continued to affect the General Fund fund balance. The Township has been able to weather the economic downturn over the past few years due to having a healthy fund balance which was built up in years of good economic growth. As you are aware, state shared revenue accounts for approximately 42% of General Fund Revenue. Over a two year period, state shared revenue has decreased approximately 21% from the year ending March 31, 2002 to the year ending March 31, 2004. In addition, due to circumstances outside of the Township's control, interest rates available on investments are at a low point in comparison to the last 25 years or more, the result is that interest income has decreased approximately 21% over that same two year period. The Township has made efforts to keep expenditures down to combat the revenue stream decreases.

Many Townships report Police Protection, Fire Operating, and Park Acquisition activities as part of the General Fund. Looking at these funds combined, the fund balance decreased only approximately \$96,805 from March 31, 2003 to March 31, 2004. This decrease is approximately equal to the additional payment made on the installment contract related to the Park Acquisition Fund activity.

As the Board is aware, this prepayment was not required, but was made at the discretion of the Township Board, after your analysis showed that the interest rate on the liability was greater than the interest rate the Township was able to earn on its investments. This additional payment allowed the Township to pay off the installment contract early in order to reduce future interest costs. Without this additional advance payment, the combined funds fund balance would have virtually no change from March 31, 2003 to March 31, 2004.

With these decreasing revenue streams caused by the reduction in state shared revenue and other economic factors affecting municipal finance, it is growing more difficult for governmental units to fund essential community costs. With the exception of local governments with a significant growing tax base and room for more development, there are structural problems with the municipal finance model in the State. Governmental units in Michigan face numerous challenges to their ability to raise revenue. In general, these factors would include the restricted growth of property tax revenue under Proposal A and the Headlee Amendment, and decreased investment returns. These items have impacted many other municipalities in Michigan where



the governmental unit's growth in expenditures is outpacing the growth in revenues for an extended period of time. With expected additional decreases in state shared revenue, the limitation of property tax growth, rising health care and pension costs, and stagnant interest rates, the Township will continue to face significant financial challenges in its 2005 fiscal year.

We would strongly encourage the Township to consider taking its financial planning one step further (from both an operational and capital perspective) over a multi-year period. The Township should continually review its long range financial plans through the use of a five year plan model in order to ensure continued financial viability over the long-run in this uncertain municipal environment.

MUNICIPAL FINANCE ACT - REMINDER

The Municipal Finance Act was amended during 2001. Beginning after March 2002, communities are now required to submit a filing (Municipal Qualifying Statement) once a year with the Michigan Department of Treasury. This filing can be done online with the Michigan Department of Treasury. The old ten-day "exemption from prior approval" process has been eliminated and is replaced with this qualification process. This filing will serve as a pre-approval for debt issuances. The current filing is due within six months of the Township's year-end (September 30, 2004) and is good through the extended due date of the ensuing year's financial statement filing (September 30, 2005).

NEW FINANCIAL REPORTING MODEL

As we approach the March 31, 2005 implementation date of GASB 34, the statement which will create a new governmental reporting model, we would like to remind you of the additional time, effort and costs that will be associated with this process. As you are aware, some of the changes in this model include:

- A "Management's Discussion and Analysis" section
- Entity-wide financial statements (balance sheet and operating statement) prepared on a full accrual basis. There will be two columns, one for government activities and one for enterprise activities.
- A new definition of enterprise activities (probably any activity that charges its users a fee that is intended to finance the majority of operating cost).
- Capital assets and their related depreciation will be reported.

As of March 31, 2004, the Township will need to prepare an additional balance sheet in accordance with this new statement. This will be necessary in order to complete an audit of the March 31, 2005 financial statements. We would like to remind you that the effort (both internal and external) to implement this new pronouncement could be significant. Plante & Moran is in an excellent position to assist your staff with implementation. We were hired by the Michigan Municipal Finance Officers Association to train finance directors across the state. Our firm has developed training materials and tools to facilitate implementation. However, given the magnitude of the project, the demands on your staff will be substantial and will require outside assistance.



STATE FUNDING OVERVIEW

As mentioned above, the Township will continue to feel the effects of the State's budget difficulties. State shared revenue accounts for approximately 42% of the Township's total General Fund revenue. While statewide sales tax collections (the sole source of revenue sharing payments to local units of government) are actually holding up, the State's income tax and single business tax revenues continue to be disappointing, resulting in state budget problems.

As a result, the State reduced its revenue sharing payments in each of the years ended September 30, 2002, 2003 and now 2004. The Governor has presented her proposal for the September 30, 2005 budget to the Legislature. The Governor's proposal is to hold state shared revenue steady for cities, townships and villages for 2005. Counties would find their state shared revenue eliminated and be allowed to levy taxes that would go into an escrow fund and be used to assist with the loss of revenue sharing over a period of years. The Legislature continues to debate the Governor's budget proposal, which could be modified prior to passage.

It appears that the short term future of state shared revenue is tied to the increase in the cigarette tax. Also, the counties are opposed to the elimination of statutory revenue sharing. Due to this line item in the State's budget remaining vulnerable, we continue to urge the Township to be conservative in its estimation of state share revenue. We recommend the Township budget at least 5% less than 2003/2004 levels. This will serve as a precautionary measure against the State's uncertain budget.

We recommend that the Township continue to evaluate the impact of the revenue sharing reductions on the 2004 budget. In addition, updated information can be obtained from the Department of Treasury's web site or by calling the Office of Revenue and Tax Analysis at (517) 373-2697. We will continue to update the Township as developments occur

PROPERTY TAXES

As you recall, Proposal A limits the growth in taxable value to the lesser of inflation or 5 percent. The inflation factor for this calculation is published by the State Tax Commission and is:

2003	1.5%	1998	2.7%
2002	3.2%	1997	2.8%
2001	3.2%	1996	2.8%
2000	1.9%	1995	2.6%
1999	1.6%	1994	3.0%

The increases in the taxable value of property for 1999, 2000 and 2003 were the lowest increases since the 1994 adoption of Proposal A. The 2003 inflation factor is being used for property taxes levied in the Township's year ended March 31, 2004. Property taxes are the Township's largest source of General Fund revenue. However growth in existing property can be significantly limited due to Proposal A. As the Township is aware, this factor should be considered when the Township is involved in long-term financial planning. The 2004 inflation factor is 2.3%.



PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

In addition, the Headlee Amendment to the Michigan Constitution limits the amount of taxes that can be levied by the Township. In general terms, if growth on the Township's existing property tax base exceeds inflation for a particular year, the Headlee Amendment requires the Township to "roll back" its property tax rate to inflation. Prior to the passage of Proposal A in 1994, during years when the growth on the Township's existing property tax base was less than inflation, the Headlee Amendment allowed the Township to "roll up" its property tax rate and recover from years when the property tax rate was "rolled back". However, subsequent to the passage of Proposal A, the Township was no longer allowed to "roll up" its property tax rate in years when growth on its existing tax base is less than inflation.

In addition, for personal property tax bills issued in the year 2000, the revised personal property tax tables implemented for the State Tax Commission were in effect. In addition to revisions made to the general personal property tax tables, the State Tax Commission also approved new personal property tax tables for utilities. The new tables made drastic changes to the transmission and distribution property of utilities. General estimates are that the uses of the new utility tables result in approximately a 30% revenue loss on those properties. The Township, like many other communities, had elected to continue to assess the transmission and distribution property of utilities using the old personal property tax tables. The new utility personal property tax tables implemented by the State Tax Commission were upheld in the lawsuit and recently on appeal. Ultimately, an unfavorable judgment could result in the Township having to refund approximately \$32,000 to the utilities.

CONDITION OF ACCOUNTING RECORDS AND CONTROLS

Financial Reporting Management – During the current year, the Township implemented a new fund accounting software. The new software implementation allowed the Township to significantly improve the accuracy, timeliness, and completeness of reports, bank reconciliations, and overall financial monitoring. In addition, some internal structure changes allowed the Township to enhance internal controls. However, the new system also presented the Township with some challenges inherent with a first year software implementation. We would like to commend the Township on incorporating all funds within the new software, improving cash disbursement system, and completing timely bank reconciliations. In addition, we would like to suggest a few items related to the new software implementation in order to further attempt to improve the financial process at the Township.

Interfund receivables and payables - Through the course of normal operations, "interfund" receivables and payables are created between funds. Because of the significant investment of time needed to make the substantial improvements described above, some areas were not fully implemented during 2004. One of those areas is the reconciliation and settling up of the interfund balances. This is an area which should be given priority on a going forward basis. We have worked with the personnel responsible for the accounting process at the Township, and it is our understanding that they have begun a process to reconcile interfund activity through the date of our audit report and will put a new interfund procedure in place for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2005 which will allow for the reconciliation between the funds to be done in a timely and more efficient manner. At a minimum, interfund activity should be reconciled and potentially settled on a monthly basis.



Internal Control Considerations - During the year's audit, we were required to adopt the Statement on Auditing Standards Number 99 (referred to as SAS 99) entitled *Consideration of Fraud in a Financial Statement*. SAS 99 requires new procedures regarding the auditor's consideration of the possibility of fraud in a financial statement audit. This resulted in new and additional testing in the conduct of this year's audit.

The Board should be pleased to note that the extra inquiries and testing that was required did not reveal any material problem areas.

BUDGETING

We noted several areas which the new financial software will aid the Township related to the monitoring of compliance with the State of Michigan Budget Act. Your financial staff will be utilizing the new software to greater extent in 2005, as they are aware of its importance as a tool to help the Township spend in a manner consistent with its objectives, especially in light of the continual challenges that the Township faces involving its major revenue sources. Items and recommendations noted in the 2003 and 2004 audits which can be improved with the effective use of the new software are as follows:

- 1. Expenditures should not be made in excess of budgeted amounts at the activity level adopted by the Township Board.
- 2. Budgets for both revenue and expenditures are required for the General Fund, and all Special Revenue Funds.
- 3. The final budget amendments were approved subsequent to the fiscal year ending March 31, 2004. The Township should adopt final amendments prior to the fiscal year end. This will become an easier task as the new software system allows for financial data to be updated in a timely manner.
- 4. The Township should incorporate in its budget all expected financial activity including planned operating transfers and proceeds received from debt issuances.

CASH RECEIPTS

The Township should continue to consider the following in order to enhance its internal control system over cash receipts:

- The Township currently takes cash receipts, other than property tax payments, to the bank twice a month. The Township should consider depositing in the bank and reconciling cash receipts on a more frequent basis.
- The Township currently manually enters cash receipts into the general ledger system. The Township may want to consider adopting the cash register module of the new software implemented in the current year. This module would allow cash receipts to be posted automatically to the general ledger system when entered into the cash register. This would eliminate the need for manual general ledger input of cash receipts and would allow the Township to have current financial data on a daily basis.



We would like to thank the Board for the opportunity to serve as auditors for the Township. We would also like to express our appreciation for the courtesy and cooperation extended to us by the administration during the audit. If you would like to discuss any of these matters, or would like assistance in their implementation, please contact us.

Very truly yours,

PLANTE & MORAN, PLLC

Leslie J. Pulver

Leslie J. Pulver

Kathryn J. Kercorian

